THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 488. COLORADO SPRINGS, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1879. Price, Five Cents.

TELEGRAPHIC

The Ute Commission Making no Progress.

Secretary Sherman's Annual Report.

His Recommendations--Matters of Interest.

Wedding Ceremonies of King Alfonso.

English Team Winners of the Bicycle Race.

Premature Publication of the President's Message.

COLORADO.

Latest From the Commission.

DENVER, COLO., November 29.—Special dispatches to the Denver Tribune represent that there is great indignation toward Stanley, agent at Los Pinos, on the part of members of the commission because of the part Stanley has taken. It seems the commissioners had previously requested for good reason Secretary Schurz to issue an order to Stanley to have nothing to do in the way of negotiations with the Indians, but contrary to instructions he received the money, thirty-one dollars, taken from Mrs. Meeker. To this the commissioners object on the ground that the hostiles consider this a bribe and that it has been accepted as such and will serve to procure terms of reconciliation. The commission has been offered bribes of ponies and money of ten times the value but declined to accept. Of course bad feeling has existed for ten days or more against Stanley and the members of the commission have for that time refused to speak to him. The correspondent at Los Pinos states that Stanley feels disappointed that he was not appointed to do the work done by Adams, hence he has taken steps to throw stumbling stones in the way of the commission. The feeling prevails in Colorado that he is both incompetent and unfair and should be removed. It is believed that Adams has made a request for his removal. The commission is making no progress whatever.

GENERAL NEWS.

Secretary Sherman's Report.

NEW YORK, November 29. The Tribune, which prints the document, says of Secretary Sherman's report, "In treating the vexed question of the retirement of United States notes, the secretary makes the recommendation that resumption be specifically defined by law, and that notes be set apart for redemption, and that the notes redeemed shall only be issued in exchange or in the purchase of coin or bullion. He is of the opinion that the provisions of the existing law are sufficient to warrant resumption, even with the present amount of United States notes; but the Secretary thinks that the power to sell bonds for resumption purposes exists, though it could be exercised only in an emergency. The prevailing high prices for public securities, and the general feeling of confidence, lead to the suggestions that the present would be an excellent time to invest a portion of the sinking fund, and retire and cancel them, thus reducing the maximum of the amount in circulation to $300,000,000, the figure fixed by the resumption act. One question of wide importance is raised by the suggestion made in the report, whether the legal tender quality should still be conferred upon United States notes, while the power to issue these notes in time of war has been upheld by the Supreme Court, and the right to reissue them in times of peace is still contested; and the Secretary seems to be of the opinion that though no direct recommendation is made to that effect, that the legal tender clause should be repealed. There are many other matters of great interest contained in this report which must be discussed hereafter. The Secretary estimates that the ordinary receipts will reach $288,000,000 during the fiscal year, and that the ordinary expenses will reach $278,000,000. The government will be able, unless congress makes appropriations in too lavish a spirit, to balance its books; but if it should appear that there is to be a deficit, either because of a falling off in the revenue, or because of excessive appropriations, a duty may be laid upon tea and coffee. In the expenses of the collecting of the customs revenue, the Secretary shows a saving of nearly $1,000,000 in the past two years, and reports a marked improvement also in the actual returns from customs."

Revenue Officers Kidnapped.

ATLANTA, GA., November 29.—A squad of sixteen revenue deputies, raiding in Towns county, was surrounded by a large force of armed mountaineers and forced to surrender as prisoners by the alleged leader of the moonshiners. The deputies surrendered without a fight, though one of them was wounded and left in a fence corner for dead by the mountaineers. The deputies left the county.

Important for Southern Commerce.

ST. LOUIS, November 29.—It is stated that the St. Louis merchants and capitalists will subscribe $1,000,000 to carry out the proposition to make Port Royal a great exporting and importing point for the west and south.

Jay Gould's Programme.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., November 29.—Jay Gould's great railroad programme is being gradually found out. The St. Joe & Denver, which has been extended to a connection at Grand Island with the Union Pacific, is to have another extension of much greater importance. Gould and his associates having purchased that part of the Central Branch which lies west of Waterville. It is to be extended westward to a connection with the Kansas Pacific road at Monument. The gap of twenty miles between Marysville and Waterville is to be built at once, and will form an important through line, to be operated as the St. Joe & Denver. Waterville, on the Central Branch, and Monument, on the Kansas Pacific, are beyond the points to which the government paid a subsidy for the construction of these roads, and in the formation of this new line they avoid the subsidized portions of both those roads. They avoid paying the government percentage on business done. It is positively known that an agent of the Gould interest has purchased the old roadbed and right between Wauthenia and Atchison for the purpose of extending the Missouri Pacific to this city. The grading is to be repaired and track laid as soon as possible. Thus St. Joe is to be the terminus of the Missouri Pacific. It has been understood for some time that the Atchison and Nebraska road is to change its track and run from Iron Junction to St. Joe. Jay Gould's bridge at this place is evidently to be made a paying investment.

Fratricide.

PORTLAND, ME., November 29. James M. Lowe was arrested for the murder of his brother, Joseph A. Lowe, on the 27th of September. He was arraigned this afternoon and pleaded guilty. He was remanded to await the action of the grand jury in January and his wife was held as a witness and committed in default of $1,000 bail. Lowe to-night confessed, that about three o'clock on the morning of the murder, he left the New England House, Portland, walked to his brother's house, West Cumberland, hiding behind the barn door until his brother returned from a dance, and struck him with an axe, felling him to the ground. The blow, however, did not extinguish his brother's lantern, and by its light he struck a second blow, nearly severing his head from the body. He then put out the light, and walked back to Portland, reaching there at 4:30. The trouble between the brothers was occasioned by a believed unjust discrimination by the father in regard to property.

Nicaraugan Canal.

WASHINGTON, November 29. Admiral Ammen and De Franco, representatives from the French promoters of the Nicaraugan canal, called on the president to-day and had a brief conversation with him on the subject. The president expressed himself willing to do whatever was in his power to aid the construction of the canal.

The Bicycle Race.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29. The English score is as follows: Conn 744, Stanton 710, Americans—G. Harrison 766, Rutland 710. Bellard has virtually withdrawn. It remains for Stanton to make up the remaining 24 miles as Conn gains nothing on Rutland.

CHICAGO, November 29, 12 midnight. The six days bicycle race was concluded at 11 o'clock to-night, the score standing: English—Conn, 855; Stanton, 810; total 1,665. The Americans G. Harrison, 858; Rutland, 800; total, 1,658. So the Englishmen won, in spite of the hundred miles handicap which they allowed the Americans. A large crowd witnessed the close of the race, which has been very exciting all day. Keen, Terreat, and Eshenington gave an exhibition of speed. Bolard, though disabled, rode five miles in sixteen and one half minutes during the evening amid great applause. His two severe falls put him out of the race, but did not permanently injure him.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, November 29. The stock market opening with considerable depression, prices declining ½ to 0 ½ per cent., New York Central and Michigan Central leading the downward movement. This was followed by a gain of ¼ to ½ per cent. in New York Central. During the afternoon speculation was alternately weak and strong, but toward the close a sharp bear raid was made under which the entire list gave way, and there was a decline from ½ to 4½ per cent. Erie, coal shares and Southwestern stock were most conspicuous in the decline.

NEW YORK, November 29. Silver bars, 115. Coin ¼@½ discount. Money 5@7. Governments irregular. Stocks closed heavy; Western Union, 107¾; silver, 2¾; Pacific, 29⅝; Mariposa, 4; Wells & Fargo, 103; New York Central, 132½; Erie, 40¾; Panama, 160; Union Pacific, 87½; bonds, 110; Central, 110⅝. Sutro, 4⅛; Leadville, 3½; Caribou, 4½.

Close of the Billiard Tournament.

NEW YORK, November 29. The prolonged billiard tournament closed to-night by a game for the first place between Slosson and Sexton, the latter won. The score of Sexton was 500, Slosson, 476.

FOREIGN.

The Royal Marriage.

MADRID, November 29. The royal wedding was solemnized at the Atochi church, according to programme. The bride left the Pardo Palace in the morning for the Ministry of Marine where apartments had been prepared for he in which she was robed for the marriage. King Alfonso left the royal palace for the Atochi church shortly before 11 a. m. He was accompanied by Archbishop Renier and preceded by eleven carriages containing his mother, Ex Queen Isabella, Princess of Austria and other members of the royal family and the grandees of Spain. The bride approached the church by another route. She was accompanied by her mother and was preceded by four carriages containing the ladies of honor and court dignitaries. The bride was richly dressed in white and wore a diadem of brilliants and insignia of the Marie Louise order. Troops lined the streets through which the procession moved. The Atochi church was splendidly illuminated and decorated. The diplomatic body and grandees and deputations from the senate and chamber of deputies received the king at the church and occupied the nave. The bride was much moved during the ceremonies.

MADRID, November 29.—After the marriage ceremony, King Alfonso and his Queen Marie Christine drove through the city, preceded by a brilliant cortege. The Queen made the most favorable impression, and was enthusiastically greeted by the people. Tonight there are illuminations in honor of the marriage. Tomorrow King Alfonso will present his bride to the ambassadors and authorities. Ex-Queen Isabella will also hold reception.

A Gladstone Campaign Speech.

LONDON, November 29.—Gladstone made a speech at Corn Market, Edinburg, to-day. He denounced the conservative finance management as extravagant and dishonest. The Afghan war expenses, he said, like those of Abyssinia, were underrated and kept secret pending the elections. Gladstone subsequently addressed 17000 persons at Waverly Market. He insisted that the independence of the now free Balkan peninsula must never again fall under the yoke of a despotic power and warned against allowing Austria to inherit Turkish supremacy.

Burning of a Theatre and Loss of Life.

TORONTO, ONT., November 29.—The Grand opera house on Adelaide street, burned early this morning. The janitor, named Wright, his wife and a young daughter are missing and supposed to be burned. A young man named Thomas Scott leaped from the window to the street and escaped with a broken arm. The building was regarded as one of the finest theatres in America.

LATER—The bodies of Wright and his family have been recovered. They were burned to a cinder. Daniel Bondman, tragedian, who was filling an engagement at the Grand opera house had all his theatrical wardrobe in the building and all is lost. He will suffer to the extent of $2500. The building was insured for $40,000.

Insurgent Defeat in Cuba.

HAVANA, November 29.—Captain General Blanco sends telegraphic dispatches to the vice governor general in which he states that Lieut. Colonel Navarro with his ambulance escort and forty cavalry volunteers were defeated and dispersed. At Sabanos Nenvos, province of Santa Clara, a party of insurgents under the leadership of Chief Carrilo was overtaken. The Captain General states that the troops killed 23 insurgents and wounded many others. Among the wounded were two brothers of Carrilo. Navarro's force was also captured, the so called Col. Castello and insurgent Bonachero together with a considerable number of horses and arms and a quantity of ammunition, and liberated 29 negroes whom the insurgents had forcibly taken from the plantation of Adela and other sections. The Spanish hearing the shooting between Navarro's force and the insurgents came to the spot and helped complete the destruction of the enemy. A few of the Spanish were wounded.

The Irish Agitation.

LIVERPOOL, November 29. A public meeting, at which it is estimated 15,000 people were present, was held opposite St. George's Hall to-day. Parnell fully endorsed the speeches for which the recent arrests in Ireland were made. He thoroughly denounced the action of the government, which he predicted would ultimately fail of its object. The agitation against landlordism, he said would be continued. The resolutions was moved by Parnell and carried with enthusiasm. They are to the effect that the arrests are arbitrary and calculated to weaken the confidence of the people of Ireland, and that a government which squanders the blood and treasure of the people in unjust wars abroad, while misery and famine are unrelieved at home stands condemned in the eyes of all right minded and thoughtful men.

Finnegan, obstructionist member of parliament for Ennis, spoke strongly in denunciation of the government. There was no disturbance as the authorities had taken great precautions. The committee at a prior meeting had issued an appeal to the Irish to maintain a firm but peaceful attitude.

There was a torchlight procession composed of 4000 people, at Kilerush, County Clare, Ireland, last night, which was witnessed by an immense crowd, who cheered for the prisoners and O'Donovan Rossa.

LONDON, November 29. Daly, the agitator, has arrived at Castle Bar, county of Mayo, and was received with great enthusiasm.

Facts About Plenary Amnesty.

PARIS, November 29.—The minister of the Interior in his report upon the subject of plenary amnesty, states that only 830 departes remain unpardoned, whereof 65 were members of Commune, 89 had committed common law crimes against persons, 104 had committed common law crimes against property, and 521 had been previously convicted of non-political offences and 51 belonged to the class who evince abroad an attitude which renders clemency toward them impossible.

Good Advice.

ROME, November 29.—The Fanfulla states that the Pope has written to the Irish bishops asking them to interpose between the people and the government to avert a strife, and to pacify the people by assuring them that the English government will promptly examine into the questions which have caused the present agitation.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Before the military court Mirsky the Nihilist, acknowledged shooting at General De Rentchen and at the policemen who arrested him. To all other accusations he pleaded not guilty.

The liabilities of L. H. De Veber & Sons, of St. John, N. B., according to the official statement, amount to $828,000. The individual liability of L. H. Bois, one of the De Vebers' trustees, is $60,000, and as an indorser on promissory notes, holders unknown, $23,000; total, $911,000.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

General Grant writes Judge McArthur at Washington that he does not expect to visit Washington until after his return from Mexico.

Members of congress have arrived in large numbers throughout the day and evening, and there is no doubt that more than a quorum of both houses will be in attendance on Monday. Representatives Horace Davis, Page, Pacheco, and Berry, of California, and Whitaker, of Oregon, have arrived. Senators Booth and Farley are expected to-morrow.

The employes of the Washington navy yard serenaded Secretary Thompson last evening in grateful recognition of his kindness, especially in continuance of work at the yard throughout the year without reducing the force or pay. The Secretary returned thanks for the serenade and said it afforded him much greater gratification to receive such a compliment from the working men than from any ordinary concourse of political friends.

It is conceded that the president's message was stolen and will be published in Chicago, Cincinnati and New York. In view of this fact, a representative of the associated press waited on the president last evening and asked for authority to send it to all points. The president while regretting the publication in a surreptitious way said his duty was clear; that it was addressed to congress and he could under no circumstances countenance a premature publication.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Erie railway depot at Hornellsville, N. Y., burned last night.

The sale of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette R. R. was decreed yesterday at Cincinnati.

The Greenback Labor party of Boston in convention last night nominated D. J. King for mayor.

The News special from Brenham, Texas, says a fire this morning destroyed a property worth $40,000; insurance $25,000.

A sneak thief entered W. G. Fargo's residence at Buffalo, last night and stole $1,000 worth of jewelry. A reward of $500 is offered.

The specie of the steamship City of Richmond, at Halifax, disabled, brought to New York by the steamship Circassian, amounts to $2,700,000.

Mary Anderson closed a remarkably successful engagement at the Grand opera house, St. Louis, last night. The house was packed every night during the week.

Col. R. M. Pulsifer, publisher of the Boston Herald, was nominated to night by the independents for mayor of Newton, Mass. Col. Pulsifer is now the nominee of all parties.

Rev. Dr. Wm. Ives Buddington, for years pastor of the Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn church, died to day from exaustion, in consequence of a cancer of the chin. He leaves a wife and six children.

The Cincinnati Commercial's specials say the miners of Cambridge Valley are on a strike, demanding an increase of 2½ to 3 cents per bushel. Both sides are obstinate and the strike promises to be serious. Two to three hundred men are engaged in it.

The secretary of the national association of iron workers has issued an address to the British iron workers cautioning them not to emigrate to America until assured of work as hundreds of iron workers in the United States are unemployed.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

S. DAVIS, D. D. S.

THE Preservation of the natural teeth a specialty. Office first door east of True & Suttons, up stairs.

SCHOOL FOR MUSIC.

PROFESSOR H. TH. WAGNER, formerly chief instructor at the Beethoven Conservatory. His method of private and class instruction affords a thorough musical education to everyone. West side of Tejon street, near Bijou. 11 30 1m*

Wm. J. Hardy. Jno. B. Murphey, Notary Public.

HARDY & MURPHEY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—Office in Room No. 1, Hull's Building, North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colorado. 11-15-1m*

A. DANFORD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office—Room 8, Union Block, Colorado Springs, Colorado. 7-13-tf.

J. L. MENAGER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—Leadville, Colorado, opposite Tabor Opera House. Post office box 2,248. 7-9-tf

J. C. HELM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite El Paso County Bank. 2-4tf.

DR. W. H. C. FOLSOM,

DENTIST.

OFFICE Rooms 10 and 12, Union Block. Anæsthetics administered in extracting teeth. 9 2tf

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HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN. Office and residence west side of North Tejon street; three doors north of the Park. Diseases of women and children a specialty. 9 14tf.

REMOVAL!

I have removed my wagon business from the old stand into Phil. Mosser's blacksmith shop. I will be pleased to attend to the orders of all my old customers and any new ones who want good work.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE!

J. J. PHELAN,

11-26-1m West Huerfano Street.

FOUND.

FOUND.—A copy of Coleridge's poems, which the owner can have by calling at Peck & Farrar's meat market and paying for this notice.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED.—$10.00 reward will be paid for the return of a five year old bay mare, with black mane and tail, branded with J on one shoulder and II on the other, to Woodgate & Hundley. 10 23 tf

HOTELS.

Colorado Springs Hotel

AND

CRAWFORD HOUSE,

Under One Management.

The undersigned has placed them in perfect order and will keep them in better shape and guarantee a superior table to any house in the city. More visitors can be accommodated than by any three hotels in the city, and is the best located. First-class in every respect, and are the only two hotels in the city that have an unobstructed view of the mountains. Terms moderate.

J. P. ATHERTON,

4 3 1yr COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

CENTRAL HOTEL!

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J. P. McMILLEN, Proprietor.

The Best $2.00 per Day House in the State.

This Hotel is now open to the public. EVERY room has been newly papered, painted, calcimined, and furnished throughout with spring b.

It is located in the very centre of the City, adjacent to all business houses. Free carriages to and from all trains. RATES:—$2.00 Per Day.

WM. RIDDLE & SON,

Having succeeded to the Proprietorship of the

National Hotel,

Call the attention of the traveling public and residents of Colorado Springs to the convenient location, excellent rooms, and superior cuisine of the National. Everything will be done for the comfort of guests that an experience of many years in the business can suggest. 11 5 tf

M. TAUGHER

At Gen. Harris' old stand, receives three times a week,

FRESH OYSTERS

Of the best brand. Also fresh trout, white fish and bass, celery, etc. Fresh California fruits and vegetables constantly on hand. Has opened a

RESTAURANT,

And will dish up fresh fish and oysters in every style. 10 19 tf.

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COLORADO SPRINGS.

Transact a General Banking and Exchange Business.

W. S. JACKSON, Cashier. J. H. BARLOW, Ass't Cashier.

C. B. GREENOUGH, President. IRVING HOWBERT, Cashier.

B. F. CROWELL, Vice-President. J. F. HUMPHREY, Ass't Cashier.

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FEED AND SALE STABLE.

First-class Rigs and Saddle Horses always on Hand.

I have the agency for S. L. North & Co.'s buggies and carriages, manufactured at Leavenworth, Kas. Photographs of specimens of these vehicles can be seen at my office.

Opposite El Paso Bank

Tejon Street - Colorado Springs.

7 9tf J. M. GRAHAM, Prop.

DRUGS, MEDICINES

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Fine Line of Toilet Articles

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Prescriptions Prepared from the Best Pharmaceutical Preparations, and Correctness and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A CHOICE LINE OF CIGARS.

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Will Sew for Families by the Day.

Apply at Mrs. Hart's, second door east of Nevada avenue, on north side of Cucharas. 11-20-tf

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In good large roomy box stalls, plenty of feed and care, and moderate charges? Also exercised if desired. If so, apply to R. L. TERRY, at the Driving Park, or to post office box No. 543, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

November 8, 1879. 11-13-1m

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General Jobbing in Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware.

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(Late with Turney Bros.)

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SELLING OUT COLORADO STONES A SPECIALTY

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WOOD! WOOD!

I have just opened a Wood Yard, where I have constantly on hand all kinds of Wood, Pitch Pine, etc., for fuel purposes. I will deliver to any part of the city.

J. C. TAYLOR,

South Side Huerfano Street, near Cascade avenue. 11-26-1m

CON. McGINLEY,

Practical Boot and Shoemaker.

WILL DO CUSTOM WORK IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Tin covered shop, south side Huerfano street. 11-18-tf

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All kinds of upholstering, repairing and cabinet work done at lowest prices. Call at shop opposite National Hotel on south Tejon street. Orders left for upholstering at S. B. Westerfield's and W. W. Rollier's, will receive prompt attention. LEWIS RUMPF.

11 4

H. T. O'BRIEN,

MANUFACTURER OF

California Saddles,

HARNESS, &C.

CARRIAGES TRIMMED IN GOOD STYLE.

Call at Sign of "Broncho."

HUERFANO STREET, COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

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Office at Coal Yard near freight depot. Order Books at the hardware stores of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Co.

FOR RENT FURNISHED.—One of the neatest five roomed cottages in the city. Located on North Weber street.

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FOR SALE. A four roomed frame cottage on South Tejon street; 50 x 190 feet lot. House rents for $15.00 per month. Price $750.00.

FOR SALE.—A five roomed cottage on Moreno street, and two five roomed houses on South Nevada avenue. A good bargain in these, if sold soon.

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Real Estate, Loan & Insurance Agent. 11 27 tf Huerfano Street.

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Dry and Fancy Goods.

Latest styles in Hats and Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers and Ornaments. Ladies' Gent's and children's underwear and hosiery, zephyrs, card board and all kinds of canvas and patterns for fancy work. P. ERICKSON,

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DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Official Newspaper of the City and County

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Three Months	2.50	One Month	1.00

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Per Annum	$2.00	Six Months	$1.00
Three Months	50	One Month	25

ADVERTISING,

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JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

Representative Frye, of Maine, on the republican national committee is in favor of Chicago as the place for the holding of the next national republican convention. This shows Blaine's position. Sherman's friends will try for Cincinnati or some eastern city.

Mr. Hewitt says the reason he does not speak to Tilden is because, after he had made great sacrifices for him, Tilden allowed Watterson to lie about his conduct of the campaign without trying to stop him. Tilden seems to be alienating all his old friends by treachery and unfaithfulness.

The *Chronicle* suggests Alderman Kavanaugh for City Marshal. Without professing an intimate knowledge with Leadville local politics, we should say that this would be a good nomination. He is a brave, determined, and shrewd man. In the council his influence has always been on the side of economy and honesty.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington correspondence in speaking of President Hayes' forthcoming message, has the following:

"In calling attention to the amount of legal-tender in circulation, the president will refer to his life long policy in favor of their ultimate retirement, and quotes from a speech he made in 1875. He believes that the country should keep in view the fact that these legal tenders were a war measure, and should some time be entirely withdrawn from circulation, but he recommends that congress take no action upon the subject at present, and deprecates all financial legislation, as tending to unsettle and disturb the prosperity which has just set in, reserving for the future the solution of financial problems.

We are glad to see that the president takes this stand. As to his suggestion that congress do not take up the subject it may be the best course. Both houses are democratic, and we can hardly hope for any wise legislation on this subject from them. Still the president has the veto power and could prevent the passage of any dangerous measure. There is need of some legislation on this subject at once.

The *News* bitterly attacks the policy of Governor Evans in hiring Chinese laborers. Its argument against it is simply a rehash of hoodlum prejudices. Governor Evans is doing what most any man will do. He is getting his labor at the lowest market price. As for the danger it involves to white labor, we have no such fears as Kearney and the *News* express. To say that Caucasians can not compete successfully with Mongolians is to admit the supremacy of the latter. This we won't do. We do think that the Chinamen will drive the whiskey-drinking, eight-hour, lazy laborers to the wall, but certainly this would be no misfortune. It will either compel him to be industrious and temperate, or starve, an ultimatum which we would gladly see placed before the drunken loafers of our cities who make up the most of this hue and cry against Chinese cheap labor. As for the mass of American laborers, we have no fears of them beside the Chinamen. They have more intelligence and energy. The accomplishments of the American mechanic compared with those of the Chinese show this. Our civilization also compared with Chinese is sufficient to put an end to the idle fears of lazy drones. Our confidence rests in the inevitable law of the survival of the fittest. When two races come in contact, the "fittest" will survive. If we are the superior race, we have nothing to fear. It seems to us this is the only way to treat the question of the danger of Chinese immigration.

We would also draw attention to the fact that frequently the Chinese don't come in competition with American labor. When the Pacific Railroad was built there was a lack of laborers. The employment of the Chinese then hurried the completion of the road by some months. The Chinamen in this state engaged in gulch mining have been working claims abandoned by our miners. All the gold that they have washed has been just so much clear gain to the total product of this state. The large number of Chinamen now in the state have as a general thing been engaged in work which has in no way affected the wages of the mechanics. We have also yet to hear of any complaint that the Chinaman has asked less for any work than it was worth. The best way to solve the Chinese problem is to let it alone, and it will solve itself by the inevitable laws of trade and race, which no legislation can annul.

MAGAZINES FOR THE MONTH.

SCRIBNER'S.

The periodical for the people, conducted by Dr Holland, comes to us bearing December's date and abounding in illustrations. The number opens with a pictured description of the capitol of New [illegible] gives an extended account of the fate of the Albany state house, which first fell among conventional architects, but at last was placed in the hands of an artist as well as a builder, who rescued it as far as might be, from the fate of monumental mediocrity. The illustrations of this article will prove quite as interesting to the unprofessional as the professional eye, which is more, perhaps, than can be said of the text.

The narrative poem by Elizabeth Akers Allen, entitled Brother Antonio, relates in good, smooth verse, a curious legend of the cloisters. There does not appear to be any special reason why these verses should have been written other than the incidental descriptive touches, which are very well done.

Mr. Boysen's description of his two visits to Victor Hugo is interesting as an excellent example of how a newspaper reporter ought to write up an interview. Indeed, to one acquainted with the tricks and the manners of a reporter, the description Mr. Boysen gives of his rushing into a restaurant after he has left the presence of Hugo, ordering something he does not want and falling to upon his remembrance of the interview just passed, is a perfect reminder of what a newspaper reporter invariably does under similar circumstances. The article is none the less interesting because it possesses the peculiarities of newspaper work which your indurated magazinist affects to heartily despise.

There is a descriptive paper on the John Hopkins University, with a portrait of its founder and other illustrations. "Confidence," by Henry James is carried out and the analytic character study, which has hardly plot enough to be called a story, is materially advanced towards a conclusion.

"Coffee Culture in Brazil," is profusely illustrated, but in spite of that fails to excite in the reader any great amount of interest. Mr. E. P. Roe gives a second installation of his discussion upon "Success with Small Fruits." It is too early to criticise George Cable's "Grandissimes," but although the introduction is rather vague, yet there is a freshness of subject, a treatment of dialect quite unknown and an introduction of new types of character which promise to make this novel one of the most attractive of the year.

The best short story that has appeared in *Scribner's* for a long time is Charles Barnard's "Under High Pressure." and John Burroughs gives a very interesting paper on "Nature and the Poets," in which he trips up the heels of those unobserving rhymers who distribute their shadowy flora and fauna regardless of nature's precious arrangements.

HARPERS.

The magazine which still bears upon its cover the announcement that it is new, presents a commendable variety this month to its readers. "The Fortunes of the Bonapartes," illustrated with portraits of all the members of the family which was made so illustrious by the little Corporal, is a most interesting chapter of history, re-written in an attractive style.

There isn't much to be said about the "New York Cooking School," indeed we suppose it was because the writer felt this fact that so little of interest was found to say.

Ernest Ingersoll gives a well written description of the City of Atlanta, which Mr. Taylor has successfully illustrated. Mr. Ingersoll has a good eye for the picturesque and he seizes at once upon those characteristic objects which serve to distinguish one city from another. His work at Atlanta has been well done, although for obvious reasons, it does not deserve to rank with his paper on Leadville, which has already appeared in *Scribners*.

The Palestine of to-day is one of those extracts from books in Harper's press which the editors of the magazine will publish in spite of all good natured or bad natured critics say to the contrary.

In the average readers mind there is a prejudice against reprint in a magazine, and when the reprint is an advertisement of a work in press, this prejudice becomes aversion.

Sea Drift from a New England Port, is a charming paper of reminiscences of New London "before Arnold burnt the town." The illustrations are charming, especially the *naive* picture of Petty Hempstead in her gran'ther's waistcoat, and the serio-comic presentiment of Capt. Kidd. The black letter reproduction of the ballad of "Loudon's glory and Whittington's renown" is another bit of reprint which will be "caviare to the general" and a carrying of coals to Newcastle to the cultured.

White Wings is so much like McLeod of Dare, in its general treatment, that reading it becomes a weariness to the flesh. Black's mannerisms have become so marked that all pleasure is shorn from the perusal of any of his new books. Young Mrs. Jardine is as gushing and namby pamby as ever, which is about all there is to say about it. The Connemara Hills are treated in a second paper illustrated with excellent character sketches. "Will's Will," is a well written ghost story, with a common-place plot, but an interesting treatment. Mary Annerly grows in interest and is by far the best serial in the number.

PRINCETON REVIEW.

This bi-monthly has shown more progress during the year than any American Review. Years ago it was a good solid theological review reflecting the views of the Princeton school but it was of interest to only a limited class of readers. Recently a young man of means, Mr. Libbey of New York, an alumnus of Princeton, bought the review and infused new life into it. He has secuted the ablest contributors by paying more for the articles than is paid by any English or American Review. It is wholly devoted to the discussion of questions which are *now* agitating the minds of thoughtful men. There is not an article in the present number which does not pertain to to-day.

The opening article is a very severe criticism on "Professor Huxley's exposition of Hume's philosophy" in his life of Hume in the "Men of Letter" series. It is very evident that President Porter has Professor Huxley at a disadvantage in this discussion. Professor Huxley is a scientist and not a metaphysician, while President Porter is not the former and is the latter. Professor Huxley makes a mistake in going out of his sphere. When he gives us the results of his researches in Zoology and physiology he obtains honor for himself and makes valuable contributions to scientific knowledge. In his philosophical discussions he displays both real ignorance and want of that scholastic training which enables one to define terms accurately and precisely.

The remaining articles in the *Review*, which we should be glad to notice if it were not for lack of space, are: "University Questions in England," Goldwin Smith, D. C. L., Toronto; "Professor Tyndall Upon the Origin of the Cosmos," Mark Hopkins, ex-president of Williams College; "Comparative View of American Progress," Robert P. Porter, Esq., Chicago; "The A Priori Novum Organum of Christianity," Lyman H. Atwater, D. D., L. L. D., Princeton College; "Bimetalism," Prof. William G. Sumner, Yale College; "Points of Contact Between Science and Revelation," Principal J. W. Dawson, D. C. L., F. R. S., Montreal; "Herbert Spencer's 'Data of Ethics,'" President McCosh, D. D., L. L. D., Princeton College.

APPLETON'S.

Appleton's Journal is becoming more and more of an eclectic and abounds in reprinted articles. If all the selections were as good as that of the Memoirs of Madame de Remusat, there would be little to regret, but why the editor should place before his readers extracts from the life of Charles James Mathews by Charles Dickens, is one of those things which no fellow can find out. The cheap paper edition of this charming book, to say nothing of the two volume one of Macmillan & Co., has made the story familiar to everyone, and the present reprint, therefore, appears a work of supererogation.

Vivian the Beauty, by Miss Edwards, is concluded, and has proved to be a pleasant story, satirizing a new type of character which has recently been developed in fashionable London.

The article upon Some Aspects of Robert Burns, gives a searching inside view of the poet's life, and will be read with great interest by the lovers of the ploughman poet.

NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW.

The Review opens with an able article upon Romanism, The Irish Race in the United States. The paper is one which deserves to receive the careful attention of men of thought in this country. The problem discussed is one which is sure to present a most complex form in the future as it has already begun its evolution in the present.

Hon. George S. Boutwell treats of Young Men in Politics, in which he deplores the indisposition of young men to accept government positions and points out some of the erroneous notions which have led to such a result.

Professor Bonamy Price asks the question, Is Political Economy a Science? This question was suggested by the recent publication of Professor Perry's Elements of Political Economy. The article itself is a review of Professor Perry's work.

The Religion of To-day is an anonymous paper which has a family resemblance to the Confessions of an Agnostic, and the advertisement for a new religion which appeared in former numbers of the review. Mr. George M. Beard discusses English and American Physique, and Cuthbert Mills gives the first part of a paper on the Permanence of Political Forces. Mr. John R. G. Hassard, managing editor of the New York *Tribune*, writes concerning Recent Literature in a pleasant if not profound paper.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Roman Catholics are sending missionaries to Afghanistan.

New Jersey has 175 Baptist churches, with 32,000 members.

The New York Flower Mission received 144,000 bouquets during the season.

The first Protestant church in the Tyrol was consecrated on the 2nd inst., at Innsbruck.

There is a movement in progress to make Hamilton College a Presbyterian university.

The church of England Total Abstinence Society has among its members 14,000 ministers.

A full-blooded Sioux, Henry Lawa Selwyn, son of a chief of the church at the Yankton Agency.

The father of Methodism in Georgia was Rev. Dr. Lovick Price, who died November 9. He was a chaplain in the war of 1812.

The Presbytery of the New York gave $232,000 of the $263,000 contributed to the board by the churches in the Synod of New York last year.

One of Dr. Cuyler's elders has started a settlement in Montana, the only one where a house of worship has been opened in advance of a drinking saloon.

The Methodist Church appropriates $279,516 for foreign missions next year, and $263,316 for home missions, or in all $35,000 more than the preceding year.

Pere Hyacinthe avows his unshaken belief in the Real Presence in the Eucharist, and his conviction that no well ordered church could get along without bishops.

A life size steel portrait of Robert Raikes is being prepared from an original painting by Romney, the English painter. It will be ready for the centennial celebration of Sunday Schools.

The late Dr. Joseph P. Thompson wrote in his will: "I desire that my body should be buried in some quiet, decent spot in the place wherever I may die, and not transported across the sea. In the place where the tree falleth, there shall it lie."

Dr. Boyd's Second Baptist Church, St. Louis, initiated the remarkable custom of taking a collection at the dedication, free from debt, of its magnificent new structure for the relief of a struggling neighbor church.

Emperor William piously studies the Bible daily, and he is one of the most devout of Protestants, but he replied to a synod of Prussian ministers who petitioned against a military review on Sunday: "The Sabbath has been created for man, not men for the Sabbath. The Puritanical and Calvanistic conception of the Sabbath as a day of mortification and penance is entirely foreign to the feeling as well as the taste of the German people."

TRADE DIRECTORY

FIREWOOD.

I HAVE STARTED a wood yard on the corner of Platte and Wahsatch avenues, and shall be happy to receive orders. Order book at Hooker's grocery store. N. GARSTIN.
11,25 1m*

SAUSAGE FACTORY.

JACOB FREI, at his sausage factory, keeps constantly on hand the choicest sausages, made from the best of fresh meats. He also keeps good beef and pork for sale. Huerfano street, between Tejon street and Cascade avenue.
11 20 1m*

MEAT MARKETS.

THOMAS PREECE, at the Star Meat Market, keeps constantly on hand the choicest fresh and salt meats, and vegetables, which he sells at the lowest living prices. South Tejon street, opposite National Hotel.

DON'T FORGET to try Kettlewell, at the Red Front Meat Market, for the very best meats, and cheaper than any other house in the city. Best cuts at 12½ cents. 11 20 tf

PECK & FARRAR have opened a new market on the north side of Pike's Peak Avenue, where the best of everything in the market line will be kept and sold at living prices. 9 23 tf

C. F. TODD, dealer in fresh meats of all kinds, of good quality and at prices to suit the times. Market on east side of Tejon street. Highest market price paid for fat cattle, calves, sheep, and all kinds of meats.

DOWNING & BRIGHAM, wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Game, Salt Meats, etc. City Market, Tejon street.

PASTURAGE.

PASTURAGE. For horses or cattle; good feed, water and shelter. Terms reasonable. Apply to E. P. Stephenson, Gazette office, or N. Garstin, Summit Park. 11 4 1m*

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

PASCOE'S HOTEL and Restaurant, Postoffice Block, Colorado Springs, Colorado. Rates $1.50 per day; board $5.00 a week. Strictly first-class. TOM PASCOE, Proprietor.
9 4tf.

CONFECTIONERY.

PETER MARIANI, dealer in fresh candies of all kinds, California fruits, fine cigars, pop corn, nuts, lemonade, etc. Everything kept in a first class confectionery, always fresh and nice. Receives candies every week fresh from the manufacturer. Tejon St. 8 14 tf

BAKERY.

WM. BUSH, baker, confectioner and dealer in California fruits, ice cream, &c., Postoffice block.

FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING.

S. B. WESTERFIELD, Huerfano street, opposite GAZETTE office, dealer in furniture and undertakers' goods.

HARNESS MAKERS.

OSCAR HAFNER, manufacturer of harness, saddles, &c. Tejon street.

MUSEUM.

COLORADO SPRINGS MUSEUM, W. B. Norton, proprietor. A fine line of Rocky mountain curiosities kept constantly on hand. Views $1.50 per dozen. Visitors welcome.

Second Hand Store
NEW
Sewing Machines.
Second Hand and New Furniture
Bought and sold, and the highest prices will be paid.

We have just received a fine lot of Glass and Queensware, and Lamps of all kinds.

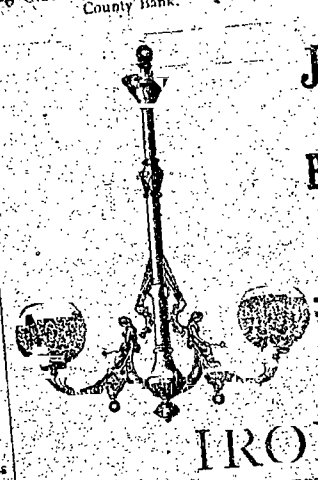
Also a fine lot of Woolen Mattresses, which we will sell at cost.

The improved Sewing Machines constantly on hand. Guns and Pistols bought and sold. Gunsmithing and Furniture Repairing done on short notice. Hose and Plumbing stock sold at cost.

KLATTENHOFF & LANGH,
South side Huerfano street,
8 13 3m COLORADO SPRINGS.

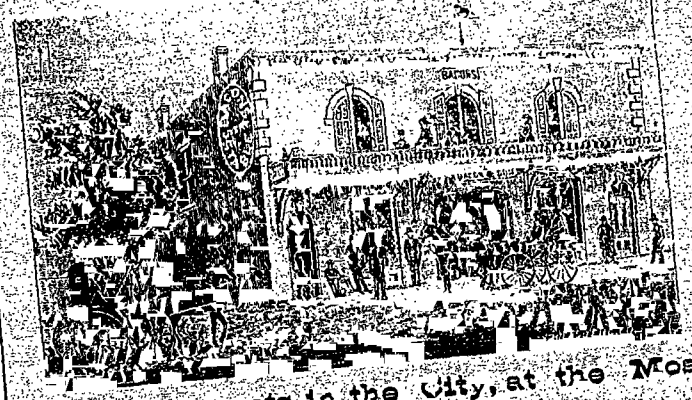
A Competent Gunsmith.
WM. CONVERSE.
An experienced, careful and skillful workman at ANY KIND of mechanical work or repairing.
POSTOFFICE BLOCK. UP STAIRS

I Have for Sale Over 100
CITY LOTS!
Located in different parts of town. Also, over three hundred lots in
Parrish's Addition.
Across the Monument. A limited number of these lots, 25 x 190 feet, located on Huerfano street, I will sell for
$25.00 EACH!
The fine property known as the
CASCADE VILLAS,
Consisting of two houses of ten rooms each and two houses of eight rooms each, with a lot of ground 75 x 190 feet, is also offered for sale. I also have for sale numerous one acre and ten acre
GARDEN TRACTS,
Which may be cut up for building purposes. Also, a handsome, modernly fitted up residence and grounds at
MANITOU!
Give me a call before investing elsewhere.
M. L. DE COURSEY,
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Office Next door South of El Paso County Bank.



J. H. Drinkwater,
PRACTICAL
PLUMBER & GAS-FITTER.
Dealer in all Plumbing and Gas-fitting Material. Orders taken for
Iron Mantels, Grates, etc
A Full Assortment of
IRON PIPE,
KEPT ON HAND FOR
Wells, Pumps and Mining Purposes.
ALL WORK DONE IN A FIRST-CLASS MANNER AND ALL MATERIAL OF BEST QUALITY.
COLORADO SPRINGS
Office and Residence Pike's Peak Ave., bet. Tejon and Nev. Ave.

Lacon's Livery and Sale Stable.



Finest Turnouts in the City, at the Most Reasonable Rates.
W. H. & M. A. BACON, Proprietors.

STOVES.
HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE,
Iron, Nails, Steel, Builders' Hardware,
MINERS AND CAMPERS SUPPLIES
GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS AND AMMUNITION.
Steward Ranges, Charter Oak and Stewart Cook Stoves,
Clinton and Bright Vision Base Burners.
THE CHEAPEST, BEST AND MOST COMPLETE LINE
OF
Cook and Heating Stoves in Colorado Springs.
See us before buying elsewhere. A first-class tin shop in connection with the store. Repairing and job work done with neatness and dispatch.
West Side Tejon Street, Colorado Springs. 9 5 tf
DURKEE & LEE.

U. S. Supreme Court Decision
Does Not Affect the Price of
GROCERIES!
At the Extensive Establishment of
Linus E. Sherman!
Buckwheat Flour, Honey, Fresh Oysters, Green Apples, Extra Honey Syrup, and all
The Best Goods at Lowest Prices!
11-21-tf.

COTTONWOOD

...ot Springs,

...LAFFEE COUNTY, COLO.

PROPRIETORS.

...Joseph Adams, Mrs. J. A. D. Adams ...teopathic Physician, and Mr. G. K. ...artenstein, Attorney at Law, Leadville.

...e Springs are situated at the mouth of ...onwood Cañon, in a most beautiful country, ...rious atmosphere, surrounded by scenery ...e most gorgeous description, being in the ...heart of the Saguache range—Mount Yale ...to the north, and Mount Princeton to the ...h. The crystal waters of the Cottonwood ...er, abundant with trout, come dashing and ...kling down past the door of the Sanitarium ...n its fountain head, the eternal beds of snow ...ch cap the hoary old mountain.

...The following analysis, connected with six ...rs' experience, warrant us in saying that ...y are a specific for catarrh, sore eyes, rheu...tism, lead poisons, and all scrofulous af...tions:

SOLIDS.	Grains to pint— Upper Spring	Lower Spring
...rbonate of Soda	...	4.8
...rbonate of Lithia	Trace.	Trace.
...rbonate of Lime	...	...
...rbonate of Magnesia	...	...
...lphate of Soda	...	Trace.
...loride of Sodium	...	Trace.
...lica	Trace.	Trace.
...dine	Trace	Trace.
...romide	...	...
...mmonia Muriate	...	...
...mmonium, combined	Trace	...
...ases	Free Carbonic Acid. Hydrogen Sulphide	Free Carbonic Acid.

We are now prepared to receive guests and make them thoroughly comfortable.

A Coach meets the stage at Mahonville every day, except Sunday. All persons desiring further information will please communicate with the

REV. JOSEPH ADAMS,
Mahonville, Colo
or G. K. HARTENSTEIN, Esq.,
Leadville, Colo.

7 25 6m

EL PASO LIVERY.

FEED AND SALE STABLE.

First-class Rigs and Saddle Horses always on Hand.

I have the agency for S. L. North & Co.'s buggies and carriages, manufactured at Leavenworth, Kas. Photographs of specimens of these vehicles can be seen at my office.

Opposite El Paso Bank.

Tejon Street Colorado Springs.

7 9tf J. M. GRAHAM, Prop.

REMOVAL!

REMOVAL!

C. E. AIKEN

C. E. AIKEN

OPPOSITE

—THE—

POSTOFFICE.

Aiken's Museum

(Headquarters for preserved objects of Natural History, Specimens, Fur Mats, Curiosities, Stereoscopic Views, &c.)

HAS REMOVED TO THE

Stone Front,

Building Opposite the Postoffice

Where friends and strangers are invited to call.

Department of Natural History—Under the charge of Mr. C. E. Aiken, the best Taxidermist in the State, assisted by Mr. Mackenzie.

Fur Department—Under the charge of Mr. John Keller, the best Furrier in the State.

Glove and Buck Skin Department—Under the charge of Mr. F. J. Jewell, the best Glover in Colorado Springs.

Musical Department—In charge of Mr. W. F. Hunt, one of the best Piano Tuners in Colorado.

Sewing Machine Department—Managed by a competent Operator.

Avenue Stables.

The public will always find

First-class Turnouts

Of all Descriptions.

Saddle and Driving Horses for Ladies and Invalids.

Competent and accommodating

DRIVERS.

And Prices as Low as Any Other Stable.

M. C. Wilbur, Proprietor.

F. P. BROWN, Foreman.

A GOOD PLAN.—THE MOST PROFITable way for dealing in stocks is by combining many orders and co-operating them as a whole, dividing profits pro rata among the shareholders, according to the market. Each customer thus secures all the advantages of immense capital and experienced skill, and can use any amount from $10 to $10,000 or more, with equal proportionate success. "New York Stock Reporter" and new circular mailed free. Full information for any one to operate successfully. Lawrence & Co., 57 Exchange Place, New York. 9 3 3m*

ATTENTION ALL!

HATS,
TIES,
BIBS,
SILKS,
LACES,
GIMPS,
CLOAKS,
SHAWLS,
GLOVES,
SHIRTS,
SCARFS,
PRINTS,
LINENS,
TOWELS,
CLOTHS,
DENIMS,
CORSETS,
RIBBONS,
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
HOSIERY,
ALPACAS,
MOHAIRS,
DEBEGES,
MERINOS,
NAPKINS,
BLANKETS,
GINGHAMS,
CAMBRICS,
CHEVIOTS,
CRETONNES,
TRIMMINGS,
UNDERWEAR,
CASHMERES,
TOWELINGS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
COTTONADES,
CASSIMERES,
EMBROIDERIES,
COMFORTABLES, ETC.,

AT

Giddings and Stillman's,

In Large Assortment, Fresh from the Manufacturers, and All Guaranteed at the Lowest Prices in this Market.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY ARRIVING!

10 12 tf

HOTELS.

Colorado Springs Hotel

AND

CRAWFORD HOUSE,

Under One Management.

The undersigned has placed them in perfect order and will keep them in better shape and guarantee a superior table to any house in the city. More visitors can be accommodated than by any three hotels in the city, and is the best located. First-class in every respect, and are the only two hotels in the city that have an unobstructed view of the mountains. Terms moderate. *J. F. ATHERTON,*

4 3 1yr COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

CENTRAL HOTEL!

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO,

J. P. McMILLEN, Proprietor.

The Best $2.00 per Day House in the State.

This Hotel is now open to the public. EVERY room has been newly papered, painted, calcimined, and furnished throughout with spring ...

It is located in the very cen... the City, adjacent to all business houses. Free carriages to and from all trains. RATES:—$2.00 Per Day.

WM. RIDDLE & SON,

Having succeeded to the Proprietorship of the

National Hotel,

Call the attention of the traveling public and residents of Colorado Springs to the convenient location, excellent rooms, and superior cuisine of the National. Everything will be done for the comfort of guests that an experience of many years in the business can suggest. 11 5 tf

WHIPPLE & EATON,

Contractors & Builders,

Nevada Avenue,

(One block east of Postoffice,)

COLORADO SPRINGS. COLORADO

REMOVED!

I have removed my wagon business from the old stand into Phil. Mosser's blacksmith shop. I will be pleased to attend to the orders of all my old customers and any new ones who want good work.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE!

J. J. PHELAN,
West Huerfano Street.

11-26-1m

DRUGS, MEDICINES

AND A

Fine Line of Toilet Articles

May be obtained at

NIECE'S PHARMACY,

South Side of Huerfano Street.

Prescriptions Prepared from the Best Pharmaceutical Preparations, and Correctness and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

O

A CHOICE LINE OF CIGARS.

10 4 3m*

Denver & Rio Grande Railway Extensions.

PROPOSALS.

For Grading.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, October 31, 1879.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon, December 10, 1879, for the grading of the New Mexico Extension of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway from a point near the town of Conejos to the crossing of the Rio Grande river near Cienguilla, a distance of about 57 miles. The profile, specifications and form of bid can be seen at the office of J. A. McMurtrie, Chief Engineer, South Pueblo, Colorado, on and after November 30, 1879. Payments to be made monthly in cash on the estimate of the engineer in charge of the work, and within twenty days after the close of each month. Contractors are requested to examine the line before bidding. A suitable indemnifying bond will be required in each case.

R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE COLORADO COAL AND STEEL WORKS COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Colorado Coal and Steel Works Company has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company, and the Central Colorado Improvement company, according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1st, 1879. W. A. BELL, Secretary.

11 8 4

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, November 12th, 1879.

The stock transfer books of the Colorado Coal & Steel Works Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.

W. A. BELL, Secretary.

11 12 tf

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE SOUTHERN COLORADO COAL AND TOWN COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company, has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the Stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Colorado Coal and Steel Works company and the Central Colorado Improvement company according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1, 1879. W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 8 4

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, November 12th, 1879.

THE stock transfer books of The Southern Colorado Coal & Town Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.

W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 12 tf

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE CENTRAL COLORADO IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Central Colorado Improvement company has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the Stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Colorado Coal and Steel Works company and the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1, 1879. W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 8 4

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, November 12, 1879.

THE stock transfer books of the Central Colorado Improvement Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.

W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 12 tf

EL PASO COUNTY BANK!

COLORADO SPRINGS.

Transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business.

W. S. JACKSON, *Cashier.* J. H. BARLOW, *Ass't Cashier*

C. B. GREENOUGH, *President,* IRVING HOWBERT, *Cashier.*

B. F. CROWELL, *Vice-President,* J. F. HUMPHREY, *Ass't Cashier.*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

CAPITAL, $50,000

DIRECTORS:

C. B. GREENOUGH, BENJ. F. CROWELL, JAMES M. SIGAFUS, IRVING HOWBERT, C. E. GREENOUGH

New York Correspondent: Chemical National Bank. Collections Solicited.

ADVERTISERS

Are already beginning to feel the advantage of a good weekly newspaper issued every Saturday amongst their friends and patrons in the country.

OPEN AT LAST!

AT TILTON'S OLD STAND ON TEJON STREET,

Next Door to the El Paso County Bank,

AND ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Dry and Fancy Goods, Notions, Etc.,

All Fresh and New Goods, Consisting of

**Dress Goods,
Silk and Cotton Velvets,
Laces and Embroideries,
Corsets, Crashes,
Water-Proof Cloaks,
Ladies' and Children's Merino Underwear,
Muslins, Cheviots,**

**Black Dress Silks,
Cashmeres, Suitings,
Carpets and Stair Cloths,
Mats and Rugs,
Ladies' Knit Jackets,
Ladies' and Children's Hosiery,
Cotton and Woolen Flannels,
Woolen Yarns,**

**Colored Trimming Silks,
Shawls, Ribbons,
Towels, Diapers,
Cloaks and Dolmans,
Hoods, Nubias, etc.,
Ginghams, Prints,
White and Colored Blankets,**

And nearly everything usually kept in dry goods stores, all of which will be sold as low as the lowest. Please call and satisfy yourselves.

MONK & INGALSBE.

10-22-t

FURS! FURS!

FERRIS & MACKLIN

Have Just opened a large Stock of

Ladies' Seal Sacques, Ladies' Muffs and Boa in Seal, Otter, Sable, Black Martin, Imitation Seal, Grebe, Squirrel, and Fox.

LADIES' SEAL WALKING HATS AND TURBANS!

MISSES' FURS IN GREAT VARIETY AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

FERRIS & MACKLIN,

Pike's Peak Avenue and Tejon Street

11 9 tf

DAY'S

"Standard of the World,"

DURHAM

SMOKING TOBACCO.

MANUFACTURED BY J. R. DAY & BRO. DURHAM, N. C.

This Universal Smoking Tobacco has just been brought out by

MR. J. R. DAY,

LATE MANUFACTURING PARTNER OF W. T. BLACKWELL & COMPANY,

Who promises to give smokers in this, great improvement on the

Celebrated Durham Bull

Which under his care and management has obtained such celebrity. He

Stakes His Reputation on this NEW PET,

With full assurance that upon a fair trial its merits will win.

Try it once and it will do its Own Puffing

11 1 m3

FOR SALE BY THE WHOLESALE TRADE GENERALLY.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.com

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 30 1879.

Official Paper of the City and County.

TIME TABLE.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.	TRAINS GOING NORTH.
Thro Freight.	*Way Freight.*
Arrive ..... 2:15 P. M.	Arrive ..... 10.55 A. M
Leave ..... 2:55 P. M.	Leave ..... 11:35 A. M
San Juan Express.	*San Juan Express.*
Arrive ..... 11:35 A. M.	Arrive ..... 4:10 P. M.
Leave ..... 11:40 A. M.	Leave ..... 4:15 P. M.

Through Tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

For full information call on or address

G. W. SHARPLESS, Agent.

A surveying party left yesterday to survey out a route for the D. & R. extension through New Mexico.

Messrs. Tribe & Jeffrey are receiving new additions to their already immense stock of stationery nearly every day.

Mr. Westerfield comes out with a large display advertisement, showing a just appreciation of the value of advertising.

Now, if our city fathers will make arrangements to thoroughly sprinkle the new grading on Tejon street they will improve it for travel very much.

During a great portion of yesterday Tejon street was almost filled with teams. Our streets could hardly present a more lively appearance than they do this fall.

A new plank sidewalk was laid yesterday in front of Woodgate & Co's. store on Tejon street. This is something that would improve several fronts in this city.

We understand that Mr. Charles Walker is preparing to erect a two story brick building 25x100 feet on his lot adjoining Mr. Drinkwater's establishment on Pike's Peak avenue.

Superintendent Correy was engaged all day yesterday in examining applicants for certificates to teach in the public schools. The work was not quite finished and another day will have to be taken.

Mr. Thomas Payne, who for some time past has been connected with the *Chronicle* of this city, will leave Leadville Sunday morning next for Denver, where he has accepted a position on the *News*. *Leadville Herald.*

Mr. D. W. Robbins yesterday received a large consignment of ready-made clothing, embracing over fifty patters of goods. Mr. Robbins keeps his establishment well stocked up, and the prices at which he sells his goods are quite astonishing to many.

The Biblical lecture for December before the students of Colorado College, will be given next Tuesday evening at half past seven o'clock, in the Presbyterian church. President Tenney will deliver the lecture, and all interested in the college will be welcome.

The Rogers Bros., confectioners on Huerfano street, have ordered an immense stock of fine candies for the holiday trade. The citizens of Colorado Springs have a very sweet tooth just about Christmas time, and these gentlemen are making extensive preparations to meet the great demands of our holiday trade.

Foreman Hutchinson informs us that the work on the college building is progressing finely. There are but two men working now, and they are employed in finishing up the work inside. It is expected that the building will be completed in time for occupation at the opening of the next term, which will be early in January.

Two new cottages are in course of construction on east Pike's Peak avenue. With the completion of these two and another one for which the foundation is now being laid, there will have been built since the first of January last, on the south side of the avenue and east of Nevada avenue, eleven dwelling houses. That is good enough for one side of a street.

Quite a number of families from Denver have recently come down to Colorado Springs to spend the winter. They are fleeing from the diseases prevalent in the former city. We are glad to welcome them. Colorado Springs is growing so rapidly that she is not at all jealous of her big neighbor. There is no reason why the most perfect *entente cordiale* should not exist between them.

A Wooden Wedding.

We learn from one of our Pueblo exchanges that the Rev. H. B. Gage, late of this city and now pastor of the Presbyterian church at Pueblo, celebrated his wooden wedding on the evening of last thanksgiving day. In referring to this pleasant affair, our exchange says:

"But few of the guests understood that the sociable was a wooden wedding affair, so the contributions of buckets, baskets, butter boxes, ax helves, etc., was not large but was amply replaced by a collection taken during the evening that will allow the good pastor to lay in a good supply of kindling wood for the winter, and leave something for coal and other necessaries. A barrel of apples was contributed by friends of the pastor in Colorado Springs, and several picture frames, brackets, etc., by those who kew it was a wooden anniversary."

We learn that at least one hundred guests were present, and that an exceedingly pleasant time was enjoyed. The friends of Mr. Gage in this city will be glad to hear of the warm friendship which has greeted him in his new home.

NINETEENTH CENTURY PROBLEMS

Which Confront Teachers in Our Public Schools.

The essay read by Miss K. N. T. Tupper last Friday evening, before the Teachers' County Association, entitled: Problems submitted to the Pedagogue of the Nineteenth Century, was received with such manifest approval that we give the most of it in full to-day. After a few introductory words, Miss Tupper said:

"A problem which is being solved by school boards and the people back of them, much to the dissatisfaction of the teachers, is that of wages.

They do not receive enough pay for services rendered. This you may consider a bold and uncalled for statement, but "to prove this let facts be submitted to a candid world."

In your city a good servant girl receives $25 per month, or $300 per year. The highest salary paid to a lady teacher in your city is $75 per month for nine and one-half months, or $712.50 per year. The servant girl has neither board, room rent, fires, lights or washing to pay for. Estimating these expenses for the teacher at the reasonable sum of $8 per week, you have $416 per year to be deducted from her salary, leaving but $296.50, or $3.50 less than a servant receives for a year's work. The lowest salary paid is $50 per month, or $475 per year; this being but $59 above actual living expenses; with which to clothe, entertain and improve herself. Not a very liberal showing for your place, is it?

Compare first the preparation necessary to become a teacher, with that of the servant girl: second, the professional and social demands; third, the wear and tear of the work upon the system, especially the nerves; and fourth, the responsibility of the position, and you must see the injustice of this difference.

In the country schools this difference is even greater, wages running as low as $20 per month for but five months in the year. You are really paying the person who cooks your food and washes the clothes of your family, more than you pay the persons who has in keeping the training of the mind, soul and body of your own, and it may be fifty other men's children.

"But," you say, "do you think all teachers earn their wages?" Indeed, no. But a teacher who does not, had better, for the good of the district, be paid her wages and requested never to enter the school room at all. It would be better for your children that she never did. It is much better that their minds be *untrained* than *mistrained* for growing minds may be more easily deformed than growing bodies; and the deformities are more lasting and repulsive. A poor teacher is much worse than no teacher. A pretender in this profession has much greater power of doing harm than a pettyfogger in law, or a quack in medicine, and should be just as much despised.

You will say, "but teachers work but six hours a day." That is all you know about it. The hardest work done by the teacher is outside of regular school hours. A book keeper leaves his books behind him as he returns home, the clerk leaves his customers also, the mechanic's labor closes with his shop door, but the teacher must take hers with her, and the wee small hours often find it undone. Happy is she who can drop her school even in her dreams. People wear out rapidly at this work and must look forward to old age with the probability of its finding them helpless, physically and financially; for this reason, neither man nor woman stay longer than obliged to in the profession, but leave it for others in which they have a hope of financial success, although the work may be less attractive in itself. But, I remember, "evil is wrought by want of thought, as well as want of heart," and I am sure that this problem of teachers' wages will be solved by you correctly after it has been seriously considered. I leave it in your hands for solution.

One puzzling problem a teacher must solve is the one she meets upon entering the school-room. She has before her, perhaps, seventy pupils, from perhaps so many different familes.

These children, gathered under a common school room roof, have, it may be, their school the only thing in common.

The hod carrier's, the millionaire's, the washerwoman's, the merchant's, the farmer's, the lawyer's, the saloon-keeper's, and the minister's children; children from luxurious homes, and children from hovels; German, French, Irish, English and American children; black children and white children; children from Catholic, protestant or infidel parents; sweet children, sour children; clean children, dirty children; winning children, repulsive children; bright children, stupid children; pure children, impure children; good children and bad children, all look into her face, and she knows as she looks into each face before her, that back of it is an immortal mind, and soul to be fitted for usefulness here and eternity hereafter, she knows that this motly community is under her sole control; she is to be the legislative, executive and judical branches of government.

It is an exploded idea that the mind of a child is like a sheet of blank paper on which may be written any character desired. He comes to us, rather a bundle of inherited capacities and tendencies labeled from the indefinite past to the indefinite future, and he makes his passage from one to the other through the education of the present time. Education must then be made curative as well as preventative, and preparatory and this brings us to one of the greatest problems in the pedagogue's work. It is how to undo much that has been done for the child before he reaches the school. Habits formed by children because of neglect or injudicious training of parents, are appalling, not only because of the effect upon their own minds and hearts, but because of their influence over others.

An impure scholar, who by obscene stories and conversation poisons the moral atmosphere about him, is an ulcer, a plague spot, a leper, and could he be banished like the lepers of old form, all society of children and all contact with them, nothing but justice would be done; for no sooner does this poison effect the child than he is dead to intellectual and moral advancement until an antidote be found.

Nothing can be sadder than to see a young life laden with full bud promises of a rich fruiting and stem to find that at each of these buds a filthy worm is gnawing and will surely destroy the fruit. This the teacher is forced to see with many of the children with whom she comes in contact. Profanity, dishonesty, and worst of all, obscenity is found in every school, public or private of any considerable size. These vices do not originate in the school but they spread rapidly when once among the scholars. They spring up in the child's heart because of the neglect or careless training of parents. Do you doubt this? Where is your child at night? Where during his play hours? Who are his play mates? Do you know their parents? Are their parents watchful of their associates? Your child is in danger if you do not know all this. You will find to your surprise, sometime, that his mind is filled with foul stories, and that he is growing untrustworthy, but do not blame the public school until you have first assumed the blame you yourself deserve. The two fifteen minute recesses give but little time for their vices to grow in and outside of these hours, your child's associates should be chosen by you. But I have, more especially to do with this problem as the teacher finds it. A child who is known to be corrupt in thought and speech, should not be allowed in the school. There should be a school to which these scholars could be sent when their influence becomes pernicious. These schools should be hospitals for these diseased souls, or better, asylums where they could be restrained until cured. I refer to Reform schools, with another name, and with some modification, so situated as to be accessible for the unruly, vicious or impure scholars. But we have no schools of this kind and probably for a long time will not have, although in some parts of our country they are being established, and so what is to be done? Talk freely of these matters to the school as a whole and endeavor to create a public sentiment in the school which will exterminate these evils. Lastly remember that it is useless to attempt to take away a bad thought unless you crowd it out with a good one. This is best accomplished by placing good reading in the hands of children as is being done so successfully by your city superintendent. No one can estimate or appreciate the effect of what is read upon the mind of the child. Now it bodes ill when it is found that children are reading such works as *Fireside Weekly, New York Ledger, Boys of America*, dime novels, and other works of the kind, for the child's mind is filled with unreal pictures of human life, his imagination is inflamed, his ambition is aroused to do the deeds of these unreal heroes. Permit me to refer to a case that came under my personal observation. When teaching in Des Moines, Iowa, I had for a pupil a bright, loveable boy of seventeen summers; he was so filled with these sensational stories that I could do little for him; he was sent away to school. That winter he and some comrades hung a boy by his thumbs and left him locked in a barn, where he was found some hours after nearly dead with cold, fright and pain. Soon after this boy attempted an elopement with a professor's daughter, fourteen years old. Next he challenged a man to a duel. Two years ago he killed a man in Colorado and chopped him in pieces. He was adjudged insane and confined in an asylum from which he escaped and is now I know not where. He was not a vicious boy. He was fun and freedom loving, and imaginative and his reading did the rest. Parents and teachers guard the reading of the child. Strive to make him a thorough reader of wholesome books and you will do more for him than by giving him floods of text book lore.

A teacher must devote her attention to each of these mentioned problems and must solve them.

But, I know, teachers, it is easier to talk of these things than to do them when in the work. You remember how, before the late war mass meetings were held, songs were sung, and men enlisted and surrendered home love and all but country. Do you remember the speeches that were made, and how the speakers would talk of our glorious country, and about dying for it?

Do you remember how all hearts would swell with pride, with patriotism?

Then came the long marches, and the hunger and thirst and then the battle. And I do not think that they talked much about the Union or about dying for it but in the midst of weariness, heartache and longing they fought for this much loved nation and died for our peerless flag and our Union is preserved.

So, here are we, met together to talk over our work and to have our hearts filled with love for it and courage to do it; but soon will come the long, dreary routine of duties, the discouragements, disappointments and weariness; then we must work humbly away at these problems and be assured that for the real workers the Great Teacher will give strength and inspiration so that solutions will be obtained that He can approve and bless."

Tall Talk.

Mr. J. W. Bonta, of Leadville, is evidently a practical joker of the first water. He got hold of a tenderfoot correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record* the other day and induced him to send the following facts to his paper which will be news to Ben Crowell and the other owners of the Robert E. Lee. He said: "The Robert E. Lee mine is just being put into working shape, and they are now paying dividends of $300,000 per month. On the 1st day of July last the mine could have been bought for $75,000, now it could not be bought for many millions. The capital invested in it amounts to between $30,000 and $40,000 and represents simply what has been expended in getting it into working condition. There were $15,000,000 taken out of this mine during the last summer, and the prospect is that $150,000,000 more will be taken out during the coming season."

Personal.

Col. Lamborn went south on yesterday's train.

Major Macomber is home again after an extended visit to the east.

Mr. Irving Howbert and family came in on the noon train yesterday.

General Freight Agent Muir, of the Kansas Pacific railway, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Charles Hansel left yesterday with the D. & R. G. surveying party, who are going to work on the New Mexico extension.

Church Notices.

We desire to make these notices as full and correct as possible. Clergymen who are desirous of assisting us in this purpose will confer a favor by sending their announcements to the office as early as 8 o'clock Saturday evening.

PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. T. C. Kirkwood, D. D. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL—Rev. R. T. Cross, pastor. The services at the new church at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday school at 12.15 p. m.

GRACE (Episcopal)—Sunday school at 3 p. m. No service to day.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. W. A. Hyde, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday school at 9.30 a. m. J. H. Woodgate, superintendent.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. W. L. Slutz, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9.30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30.

CATHOLIC—Rev. De la Hanty, rector. Morning services at 10.15. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m.; vespers at 7.00 p. m.

BAPTIST—Brick church, corner of Kiowa and Weber streets. Rev. James Goodman, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Hotel Arrivals.

PASCOE'S HOTEL.—J S Boyd, Marion, Ohio; J G Baldwin, Kiowa; S C Stout, Divide; Martin Retallick, Richard Retallick, England; M Green, Lowell; Pat Tarney, Denver; James Clark, Princeton, Mo; J W Replogh, ranch; R E Sloan, C R Husted, Divide; F C Thornton, wife and child, Manitou Park; E R Werren, ranch; J S Boyd, Marion, Ohio; A Barnett, Eastham, Iowa; H Simpson, ranch; J P Conlogue, Hugh Conlogue, Turkey Creek; Theo S Greiner, Dayton, Ohio.

NATIONAL HOTEL. Wm McCarthey, Terryall Creek; Samuel M Lyon, Denver; John Zucca, Pueblo; Mrs J Walker and son, Denver; E E Hooker, Cincinnati, Onio; T Thompsen, Milwaukee; Chas L Jenkins, ranch; E M Cartwright, Canon City; M E Baldwin, Trinidad; P McMillan, Leadville.

COLORADO SPRINGS HOTEL. J W Pirce, Hugo; S F Pierson, Denver; John Muir, Kansas City; Arthur A Rice, New York; A Frudman, Denver; Wm B Fills, New York; Thomas S K Edge, England; Wm L Handy, G P Robinson, ranch; R N Clark, Rosita; S W Taylor, Pueblo; W H Bradt, Leadville; R M Womack, Fountain.

CENTRAL HOTEL.—C W Stewart, Wichita, Kan; John Nolan, ranch; T C Berryman, Divide; Frank F Scott, Summit Park, Colo; T L Welsh, Bijou Basin, Colo; Ed Wentworth, Husted, Colo; Milt Irvine, El Paso, Colo, C S Crater, Bear Creek, Colo; R J Harris, Albany, N Y; Robert Carr, Denver; J W Guiae, Monument, Colo; Peter Kerr, Wheatland, Colo; W M Wright, Mrs M Shumate, Husted, Colo; Will Hall, Fountain, Colo; George B Armstrong, Monument, Colo; Frank Smith, Colorado City, Colo; Mott M Crawford, Spring Valley, Colo; Ira Brown, Denver; Thos Conway, Wolcot, N Y, Edward From, Wadamo Grove, Ill; J A Curry, Denver; T G Greinen, Dayton, Ohio.

Business Locals.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

Livery, feed and boarding at the new brick stable. Proprietors of the Colorado Springs and Canon City stage line. Stevens & Rouse. 11 5 tf.

Toilet articles, soaps and sponges, perfumes, trusses and brushes at the City Drug Store. 11 27 5

TAKE NOTICE.

Having been informed by one of the officers, and managers of Co B's dance that the supper given by me, Wm. H. Kenney, was a general failure, I wish to give notice in consequence thereof, that if any person or persons that were at my house on the said evening, that did not get full value for money paid, will report the same to me in person, I will refund them their money, as I don't wish to obtain money from a generous public under false representations.

W. H. KENNEY.

Smoke Bonanza Cigars at City Drug Store. 11-27-5

Ladies' furs at D. W. Robbins'.

Full line of Base Burning and other heating stoves at DURKEE & LEE'S. 9 5 tf

Make your husband happy by getting him a box of Bonanza cigars. 11 27 5

FRESH CRACKERS!

Oat meal, cream, fruit, butter wafer, Boston soda fancy nic nacs, milk, pic nics, sugar graham, cracknells, just opened at Bush's bakery. 11 25 tf

For quality and prices the City Drug Store can't be beat. 11 27 5

There will be a concert under the direction of Prof. H. Th. Wagner at the Congregational church Thursday evening, Dec. 4th. 11 30 4

CHANGE OF FIRM.

The firm of Woodgate & Hundley, dealers in boots and shoes, has been dissolved, Mr. Hundley retiring. The busi will be continued at the old stand by Mr. J. H. Woodgate, under the name of Woodgate & Co. 11 27 tf

A. L. MILLARD

Has the largest assorted stock of Undertakers' Goods in the city. First door west of his furniture store, on Huerfano street. Never closed! Always ready! Open every day and hour in the year. Telegraphic or personal orders promptly attended to. Embalming by the latest method and shipping a specialty. 11 27 tf

Social hop at Kinney's restaurant, Friday evening, December 5, 1879. Tickets, including supper, $2.00. Music by Colorado Springs full Orchestra. A. W. Wheeler as prompter. 1130 2t

Dr. F. H. Sutherland has returned from Leadville, and can be seen at his office over Barnes' hardware store, from 9 to 12 a. m. and from 1 to 4 p. m. 11 22tf

A. BROWN, TEJON ST.

Paints, Oils, Paper Hangings, Window Glass, Varn shes, Brushes, Full Line of Shade Goods, Etc., Artists' Materials of all Kinds.

Bonanza cigar, City Drug Store. 11 27 5

Just received, a large assortment of Rustic Logs and a case of Holland Bulbs. Wm. Clark, Colorado Springs Nursery. 11 27 3

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Call on D. W. Robbins for your watches and jewelry.

All sorts of machinery repaired at J. H. Drinkwater's. 11 22 tf

CLOTHING.

A large invoice of new clothing just received at the store of D. W. Robbins.

HOLIDAYS

At F. Herman's, Manitou. Pure Spanish Grape Wine for $2.00 per gallon, delivered free of charge. Send postal card. 11 26 tf

TAKE NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Woodgate & Hundley will please call and settle, thereby saving further trouble.

WOODGATE & HUNDLEY.

Nov. 24, 1879. 11 26 7

The stock of Drugs and Medicines at City Drug Store is first-class. 11 27 5

For bargains in Clothing, Gents and Boys Overcoats, Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Ladies Cloaks, Watches, Jewelry, Gloves, Trunks, Valises, etc., go to the cheap cash store of D. W. Robbins. 11 8 tf

Mill machinery repaired at J. H. Drinkwater's. 11 22 tf

"Steward" Ranges at 9 5 tf DURKEE & LEE'S.

"Charter Oak" and "Stewart" cook stoves at DURKEE & LEE'S. 9 5 tf

FURNITURE.

The largest stock in the city at 9-21-tf S. B. WESTERFIELD'S.

Export Bottled Beer, $11.00 per barrel; $1.25 per dozen; 10 d. pints or 6 d. quarts. F. Hermann, Manitou, Col. 8 29 tf

J. H. Drinkwater has a competent machinist employed who will repair all kinds of mill, mining and other machinery. 11 22 tf

CANDY! CANDY!!

I have just received the first consignment of my large order of candies for the holidays. I have now opened about 100 boxes of very choice goods and I have on the way upwards of 2,000 pounds more which I can offer as cheap as it is possible for the same quality of goods to be sold. Remember, I will have the largest and finest stock of fancy candies in the city for Christmas. Call in and see the goods I am opening now, such as cream dates, cream walnuts, chocolate creams and an endless variety of caramels and a fine assortment of French candies. at Bush's bakery and confectionery, Postoffice block. 11-25-tf

S. B. Westerfield, undertaker, will give prompt attention to night or day orders. Rooms in Hodgman Block, Huerfano street, Colorado Springs. 7-8-tf

All kinds of sheet iron and tin work and repairing done at DURKEE & LEE'S. 9 5 tf

Take your job work in tin, copper and sheet iron to W. C. Stark. Satisfaction guaranteed 9-21-tf

General Grant smokes the Bonanza cigar. 11 27 5

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—At J. F. Myers', South Tejon street, on Monday, December 1st, at 10 o'clock a. m., a good cow. 1

FOR SALE.—Neat brick house and lot, $800. Rents for $10 per month. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent. 11 25 tf

FOR SALE.—Frame house and lot; $900. Rents for $13 per month. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent. 11 25 tf

FOR SALE.—One and a half story house on North Tejon street, three bed rooms, parlor, dining room, and kitchen. City water in house and on grounds, good cellar, cistern, strawberry beds, fruit trees, and beautiful lawn. M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 11 20 tf

FOR SALE CHEAP LOTS.—I have three lots left which will be sold at bargains; all "up town" lots; 50 x 190 feet. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent. 11 20 tf

FOR SALE.—Six roomed house on West Cucharas street.
Seven roomed house on Nevada avenue.
Eight roomed house on North Weber street.
Ten roomed house on Huerfano street.
Six roomed house on Huerfano street.
Eight roomed house on Nevada avenue.
Five roomed house on East Cucharas street.
Eight roomed house on North Cascade ave.
Apply to M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 11 18 tf

FOR SALE.—Six hundred cedar posts. Inquire of I. N. Payne, at A. D. Craigue's. 11 15 tf

FOR SALE.—I have for sale the most desirable corner lots on North Weber street, Nevada avenue, Tejon street, and Cascade avenue. Also, some lots on South Weber street, Nevada avenue, and Tejon street, which I can sell for less than $100 each. M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 11 12 tf

FOR SALE On North Weber street; An eight roomed two storied house. Apply at GAZETTE office. 11 4 tf

FOR SALE. One large sideboard, made of Colorado pine, and a black walnut Extension Table, large enough to seat 20 people. Apply at this office. 10 11 tf

CASCADE VILLAS FOR SALE.—Comprising two houses of eight rooms each and two houses of ten rooms each and three lots, on Cascade avenue. For particulars, terms, &c., apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent, Colorado Springs. 10 8 tf

FOR SALE Story and a half house, containing eight rooms, pantry and closet. Lot 100x190. Barn and stables on lot. Desirable location. Terms easy. Enquire of Mrs. Lewis Hayer. 8-15 tf

WANTED.

WANTED. The care of horses by an experienced man, or to do chores. Address T. D. A., Empire House, Colorado Springs. 11 30 1

WANTED.—One thousand tie choppers and haulers. Apply to A. C. Carrill, Alamosa 11 29 6

WANTED.—Situation to do general house work in small family. Address M. W., post office. 11 29 2*

WANTED. Ten or fifteen experienced men to use pick and shovel on gas pipe excavations. Apply immediately to Thos. Smith, at the Gas Works. 11 27 4*

WANTED.—A good girl for general house work. Good wages. References required. Call at Dr. C. J. Reynolds', North Tejon street. 11 26 tf

WANTED. A woman to do kitchen work, at good wages. Apply at Eureka House, Cascade avenue. 11 26 6*

WANTED. A few boarders. Mrs. J. Green, No. 12, Cascade Terrace. 11 25 tf

WANTED.—50 to 100 cords of wood, to be delivered at the Brewery Colorado City. Send tender to Chas. Stockbridge, Colorado Springs. 11 5 tf

WANTED. Large clean rags at this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two pianos. Jas. Duncan, rear of Dr. Coombs' office. 11 27 3

FOR RENT.—Three front furnished rooms, on North Tejon street. Apply at this office. 11 25 tf

FOR RENT.—Furnished room, corner of Weber and Vermijo. 11 23 tf

FOR RENT. A comfortably furnished second story front room in private family. Centrally located and best neighborhood. Address post office box 39. 11 22 tf

TO LET. Furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. Terms moderate. Apply at the corner of Platte avenue and Weber street. 11 14 tf

FOR RENT.—Two furnished rooms. Inquire of "C.," GAZETTE office. 11 20 tf

LOST.

A SILVER mouth piece to an alto horn belonging to Co. B's band. The finder will please leave it at this office. 11 28 2

LOST.—A pair of gold bowed lady's spectacles, on the east side of Tejon street, between Huerfano street and Pike's Peak avenue. Return to Dr. Horn, and receive a reward. 11 26 tf

HOOKER, GROCER.

NEW STORE, HUERFANO STREET.

Agency for

GAFF, FLEISCHMANN & CO.'S CELEBRATED

COMPRESSED YEAST

Received by Express every Monday and Thursday. Also, for

Baltimore Oyster Company,

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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

SUPPLEMENT.

No. 488. COLORADO SPRINGS, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1879. Price, Five Cents

St. John the Aged.

I'm growing very old. This weary head
That hath so often leaned on Jesus' breast,
Is bent and hoary with its weight of years,
These limbs that followed him—my master—oft
From Galilee to Judea; yea, that stood
Beneath the cross and trembled with His groans,
Refuse to bear me even through the streets
To preach unto my children. E'en my lips
Refuse to form the words my heart sends forth.
My ears are dull, they scarcely hear the sobs
Of my dear children, gathered round my couch;
My eyes so dim they cannot see their tears.
God lays His hand upon me—yea, His hand,
And not His rod, the gentle hand that I
Felt those three years, so often pressed in mine,
In friendship such as passeth woman's love.
I'm old, so old! I cannot recollect
The faces of my friends, and I forget
The words and deeds that make up daily life,
But that dear face, and every word He spoke
Grow more distinct as others fade away,
So that I live with Him and holy dead
More than with living.

Some seventy years ago
I was a fisher by the sacred sea.
It was sunset. How the tranquil tide
Bathed dreamily the pebbles! How the light
Crept up the distant hills, and in its wake
Soft purple shadows wrapped the dewy fields!
And then He came and called me. Then I gazed
For the first time on that sweet face. Those eyes
From out of which, as from a window, shone
Divinity, looked on my inmost soul,
And lighted it forever. Then His words
Broke on the silence of my heart and made
The whole world musical. Incarnate Love
Took hold of me and claimed me for its own.
I followed in the twilight, holding fast
His mantle.

O! what holy walks we had,
Through harvest fields and desolate, dreary wastes;
And often times he leaned upon my arm,
Wearied and wayworn. I was young and strong,
And so upbore Him. Lord! now I am weak,
And old, and feeble. Let me rest on Thee!
So put thine arm around me. Closer still!
How strong Thou art! The twilight draws apace;
Come, let us leave these noisy streets and take
The path to Bethany, for Mary's smile
Awaits me at the gate, and Martha's hands
Have long prepared the cheerful evening meal.
Come, James, the Master waits, and Peter, see,
Has gone some steps before.

What say you, friends?
That this is Ephesus, and Christ had gone
Back to his kingdom? Ay, 'tis so, 'tis so.
I know it all, and yet just now I seemed
To stand once more upon my native hills
And touch my Master. Oh, how oft I've seen
The touching of his garments bring back strength
To palsied limbs! I feel it has to mine.
Up! bear me once more to my church; once more
There let me tell them of a Saviour's love;
For, by the sweetness of my Master's voice
Just now, I think He must be very near,
Coming, I trust, to break the veil which time
Has worn thin that I can see beyond,
And watch his footsteps.

So raise up my head.
How dark it is! I cannot seem to see
The faces of my flock. Is that the sea
That murmurs so, or is it weeping? Hush!
My little children, God loved the world
He gave His Son; so love ye one another;
Love God and Man. Amen. Now bear me back.
My legacy unto an angry world is this.
I feel my work is finished. Are the streets so full?
What call the folk my name? The Holy John?
Nay, write me rather Jesus Christ's beloved,
And lover of my children.

Lay me down
Once more upon my couch and open wide
The eastern window. See! there comes a light
Like that which broke upon my soul at eve,
When in the dreary Isle of Patmos, Gabriel came
And touched me on the shoulder. See! it grows
As when we mounted toward the pearly gates,
I know the way! I trod it once before;
And hark! it is the song the ransomed sang
Of glory to the Lamb! How loud it sounds!
And that unwritten one! Methinks my soul
Can join it now. But who are these that crowd
The shining way? Say—joy! 'tis the eleven,
With Peter first; how eagerly he looks!
How bright the smiles are beaming on James's face!
I am the last. Once more we are complete
To gather 'round the Pascal feast. My place
Is next my Master. O, my Lord! my Lord!
How bright Thou art, and yet the very same
I loved in Galilee! 'Tis worth the hundred years
To feel this bliss! So lift me up, dear Lord,
Unto Thy bosom. There shall I abide.

Cost of the Russian Police.

Very recently the police of Moscow, not to speak of other towns, have been greatly augmented and subjected to various reforms and improvements. It may be interesting to note in this connection the figures given by a correspondent of the Golos showing the enormous cost of the Moscow police organization. Before the augmentation referred to, the total cost of the police was 800,000 roubles; it is now almost double that amount, being no less than 1,536,762 roubles, made up as follows: Chief police master and chancellery, 113,720 roubles; address bureau, 4,760; police archives, 2,960; police medical department, 47,810; medical committee, 17,560; ordinary police, 283,580; police guards, 506,000; reserves, etc., 53,620; service command, 70,000; fire brigade, 26?,5?0; uniforms, 75,480; horses, instruments, etc., 24,692; at the disposition of the chief police master, 12,000 roubles. If this is the cost of the police in Moscow alone (about £170,000), what must be the total cost of the whole police system in Russia?—*St. Petersburg Correspondent London Times.*

James Buchanan offered $20,000 for the London *Telegraph*, when he was Minister to England, but Col. Sleigh, its editor, asked $25,000. Mr Lawson soon after bought the paper for $8,000, and the $4,500,000 estate which he recently left to his heirs was chiefly derived from profits earned by that purchase.

Nuremberg.

For generations it had steadily grown in mercantile importance, till in 1427 the inhabitants purchased the city rights from the Emperor. After this its development became more rapid. The fame of its manufactures, especially in hardware, spread far and near. In commerce it rivaled Augsburg as depot for the drugs, silks, and species of the South, which poured in upon it by way of Venice. The prosperity of the great southern republic brought new wealth to Nuremburg, and the advantage of their intercourse was not merely commercial—it fostered the taste for gayety, culture and art. The streets were always bright and tumultuous at the Carnival; the processions were celebrated with a splendor hitherto unknown; the wealthy burghers' sons had their tilts and tournaments and knew how to maintain their rights against the neighboring nobles, who disliked such sports among the commonalty. The governing council was a little despotic and overbearing to the plebs; but it had the interests of all at heart, and the whole population shared in the municipal prosperity. Of great men the town had nourished not a few. It could boast one alleged inventor of gunpowder, one alleged discoverer of America; Schwarz, in the thirteenth century, was its citizen; Behem, in the fifteenth, was its son. Less questionable were others of its claims. The humanist, Wilibald Pirckheimer, the friend of Hutten and Erasmus, was a member of its council; Konrad Baumann, the blind organist of St. Sebald's, had a reputation throughout Germany and Italy. Its churches, its fountains, its sculptures, bore witness to the talents of Adam Krafft and the Fischers; and now, at length, it had produced Albrecht Durer, the genius of earnest and truthful work.—*The Cornhill Magazine.*

The Telephone and the Baby.

A telephonic story of American life has just been repeated to me, with an assurance of its truth, and as illustrating the future of Mr. Bell's recent invention. A proud grandmamma, who has only just been promoted to that happy relationship, is awakened in the dead of night by the inexorable bell. "Mamma, dear," comes to her the frightened voice of her beloved but inexperienced daughter, "I'm sure baby has the croup. What shall I do with it?" Grandmamma replies that she will call the family doctor, and be with her anxious daughter in a moment. She awakens the doctor and tells him the terrible news she has learnt from her daughter. He in his turn requests to be put in telephonic communication with the too anxious mamma. "Lift the child to the telephone and let me hear it cough," he demands. The child is lifted and it coughs. "That's not the croup," he declares; and he declines to leave his house on such small matters. He advises grandmamma also to stay in bed, and all anxiety quieted, the trio settle down happy for the night.—*Liverpool Mercury.*

A Black Servant.

I will mention another personal experience of mine which made a deep impression on me. I was traveling through the upper part of Natal. I had a black servant and a white servant with me. The black was by far the best of the two; he was honest, steady, sensible, and thoroughly to be relied on. One day he was taken ill, and I had to give him a strong dose of calomel. We generally slept, all three of us, in a tent together; but that evening we came to a hotel, and I asked the landlady to give the man a bed. She said sharply that she had no beds for black fellows; and I found afterwards that the colonists in the interior will never allow a native to sleep under the same roof with them. I said that she must make an exception for once, as the man was seriously unwell, and might die if he was exposed to cold. "Let him die then," she said, "he shall not sleep here." The sequel of the story was curious. In my dilemma I wandered into the kitchen, where I found a Burmese acting as cook. The Burmese being a Mohammedan with straight hair, and olive complexioned instead of black, was allowed to be a human being, and to live in the house. He looked good natured, so I told him my difficulty. "Well," he said, "it is a hard case. I am a married man; but if my missus does not object he may turn in with us."—*J. A. Froude, in Fortnightly Review.*

Senator Chandler's "Anglophobia."

When the Trent affair threatened, in 1862, to embroil England in the quarrel, there were some sixty thousand of her sons, or, as they are jokingly called, "Michiganders," in arms for the Union. With characteristic aplomb, Senator Chandler offered to lead his sixty thousand brethren into Canada, and, as he put it, "to settle Great Britain's hash," if he received permission from the Washington government. Fortunately President Lincoln and Mr. Seward were aware that they had already got a sufficiently difficult task on their hands, and had no desire to add the most powerful of European nations to the ranks of their enemies. But Senator Chandler remained to the end a bitter opponent of this country, succeeding to the jealousy and hatred of England which had been handed down to him by Lewis Cass, his predecessor from Michigan in the United States Senate. His Anglophobia was less excusable when it is remembered that the earliest settlers of Michigan were mostly from Canada, and that the closest relations had long prevailed between Detroit and its Canadian neighbors. Mr. Chandler, however, was born when the war of 1811 between England and the United States was at its height, and, as was the case with most of his contemporaries, he never could emancipate himself from the traditional animosity toward England which has happily died down since the treaty of Washington in 1871.—*London Telegraph.*

Burns.

What he had gained from his predecessors was a direct speaking style, and to walk on his own feet instead of academical stilts. There was never a man of letters with more absolute command of his means, and we may say of him, without excess, that his style was his slave. Hence that energy of epithet, so concise and telling, that a foreigner is tempted to explain it by some special richness or aptitude in the dialect he wrote. Hence that Homeric justice and completeness of desciption, which gives us the very physiognomy of nature, in body and detail as nature is. Hence, too, the unbroken literary quality of his best pieces, which keeps him from any slip into the weariful trade of words-printing, and presents everything, as everything should be presented by the art of words, in a clear, continuous medium of thought. Principal Shairp, for instance, gives us a paraphrase of one tough verse of the original, and for those who knew the Greek poets only by paraphrase, this has the very quality they are accustomed to look for and admire in Greek. The contemporaries of Burns were surprised that he should visit so many celebrated mountains and waterfalls, and not seize the opportunity to make a poem. Indeed, it is not for those who have a true command of the art of words, but for peddling, professional amateurs, that these pointed occasions are most useful and inspiring. As those who speak French imperfectly are glad to dwell on any topic they may have talked upon or heard others talk upon before, because they know appropriate words for it in French, so the dabbler in verse rejoices to behold a waterfall, because he has learned the sentiment and knows appropriate words for it in poetry. But the dialect of Burns was fit to deal with any subject; and whether it was a stormy night, a shepherd's collie, a sheep struggling in the snow, the conduct of cowardly soldiers in the field, the gait and cogitations of a drunken man, or only a village cockcrow in the morning, he could find language to give it freshness, body, and relief. He was always ready to borrow the hint of a design, as though he had a difficulty in commencing—a difficulty, let us say, in choosing a subject out of a world which seemed all equally living and significant to him; but once he had the subject chosen, he could cope with nature single-handed, and make every stroke a triumph. Again, his absolute mastery in his art enabled him to express each and all of his different humors, and to pass smoothly and congruously from one to another. Many men invent a dialect for only one side of their nature—perhaps their pathos or their humor, or the delicacy of their senses—and, for lack of a medium, leave all the others unexpressed. You meet such a one, and find him in conversation full of thought, feeling, and experience, which he has lacked the art to employ in his writings. But Burns was not thus hampered in the practice of the literary art; he could throw the whole weight of his nature into his work, and impregnate it from end to end. If Dr. Johnson, that stilted and accomplished stylist, had lacked the sacred Boswell, what should we have known of him? and how should we have delighted in his acquaintance as we do? Those who spoke with Burns tell us how much we have lost who did not. But I think they exaggerate their privilege; I think we have the whole Burns in our possessions set forth in his consummate verses.—*The Cornhill Magazine.*

Dickens' Religious Feeling.

The following is the last letter in the Dickens collection recently published:

GAD'S HILL PLACE,
BINGHAM BY ROCHESTER, KENT,
WEDNESDAY NIGHT, June, 1870.

To Mr. John M. Makeham.

DEAR SIR: It would be quite inconceivable to me but for your letter that any reasonable reader could possibly attach a scriptural reference to a passage in a book of mine, reproducing a much abused social figure of speech, impressed with all sorts of service, on all sorts of inappropriate occasions, without the faintest connection of it with its original source. I am truly shocked to find that any reader can make the mistake.

I have always striven in my writings to express veneration for the life and lessons of our Savior; because I feel it; and because I re-wrote that history for my children every one of whom knew it from having it repeated to them long before they could read, and almost as soon as they could speak.

But I have never made any proclamations of this from the house tops.

Faithfully yours,
CHARLES DICKENS.

The Scaffold in Paris.

As the president of the French republic has commuted the capital sentence passed upon two youths named Gilles and Abadie for the murder of a widow, and as no other criminals are lying under sentence of death in Paris, there will not, for the first time in living memory, be a single execution in that city during the year. Since the beginning of the century the number of executions has been steadily decreasing both in Paris and in the provinces. In the first quarter of the century the average for the whole of France was about 120 a year; and in the second half, during which the forging of bank notes ceased to be a capital offense, only 999 persons were executed out of 1,563 sentenced to death, this being equivalent to an average of rather less than forty a year. During the ten years from 1850 to 1860 there was a further decrease to 283 executions out of 502 capital sentences, or 28 per annum; while between 1860 and 1870 only 110 persons were executed, or only 10 each year. In the nine years which have since elapsed there have been 98 executions: 10 in 1871, 24 in 1872, 15 in 1873, 12 in 1874, 10 in 1875, 1876 and 1877, 6 in 1878, and only 1 this year.

PERSONAL.

Count Johannes has retired to private life.

Gen. Butler wears a Buffalo overcoat while traveling.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens is very fond of whist.

Lord Beaconsfield walks much with his hands under his coat-tails.

Among John Bright's favorite poets are Bryant, Longfellow, Lowell and Whitter.

Grandfather Tennyson. A son was born to the Poet Laureate's son November 8.

Emile de Girardin say Mr. Gladstone looks more like an American than an Englishman.

Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman was named after Chief Tecumseh, an Indian whom his father greatly admired.

Montreal gossips say the Marquis of Lorne will resign and go home, and that the Princess Louise will not return from England.

M. Waddington, the French Premier, looks the Englishman that he is, but he takes every opportunity to call himself a Frenchman.

Baroness N. de Rothschild owns a private railway car worth $20,000, and the Countess Potocka has ordered one to cost $25,000.

"Susan Coolidge," Miss Woolsey, niece of ex-President Woolsey, of Yale College, is to remain in her cottage at Newport during the winter.

Prof. Nordenskjold announces his intention of undertaking a fresh journey of exploration to the Siberian Polar sea. He will start from the river Lena, and make the New Siberian Islands his base of operations.

"Commodore Nutt," Barnum's famous Lilliputian, has been keeping a saloon in San Francisco. The naughty "Commodore" has been before the police court for keeping a noisy place.

Send an American girl to Italy to study, and her own papa will not know her when she gets to be a prima dona. Miss Julia Wheelock, of Boston, has learned to warble, and they call her Giulia Valda.—*Boston Traveller.*

Tears came into the eyes of Mme. Adelina Patti, it is said, when, after a splendid reception at the opera in Berlin, Emperor William came to the greenroom with his son Charles, and spoke to her with the utmost kindness.

The late William M. Hunt began his career as an artist at 29 years of age, by cutting medallion portraits from a hard, yellowish substance obtained from the bleaching vats at Lowell. His sister still wears one of them, mounted as a brooch.

A silver cradle thirty inches high and weighing 200 ounces, has been presented to Mayor Marson, of Stafford, England, in accordance with an ancient custom prescribing such a gift to the mayor whenever a child is born to him during his incumbency.

Charles Dickens wrote in a letter dated at Washington, February, 1863: "I dined with Charles Sumner on Sunday, he having been an old friend of mine. Mr. Secretary Stanton (war minister) was there. He is a man of a very remarkable memory and famous for his acquaintance with the minutest details of my books. Give him any passage anywhere and he will instantly cap it and go on with the context. He was commander in chief of all the northern forces concentrated here, and he never went to sleep at night without first reading something from my books, which were always with him. I put him through a pretty severe examination, but he was better up than I was."

Judicial Opinions on Webster's Dictionary.

Our recent remarks upon the unquestioning acceptance which American law writers meet in England will not apply to our great lexicographer. Of Webster's dictionary Chief Justic Cockburn says, in Metropolitan Association against Petch: "However much one may respect that very learned authority, we cannot hold ourselve bound by its authority." (The rhetoric of which might have been improved.) In this country, Webster gets two recent judicial puffs. In Wright against Clark [Vermont] the jury sent out for Webster's Unabridged, and selected the word "wanton" to express the idea of unintentional but careless. The court said that was all right, the defendant not being prejudiced. In Adler against State [Alabama] the court allowed this dictionary to be read to the jury, to instruct them in the meaning of "malt liquors." The court approved this, saying: "We can perceive no good reason why a work of such standard authority as Webster's Unabridged Dictionary confessedly is should not be used before a court or jury, whenever the meaning of an English word is brought in question. That it is a work of standard authority is so widely known, indeed, that it must be classed among the facts judicially known."—*Albany Law Journal.*

John Bright on the Classics.

I regard what I call classics—that is, the ancient languages of Greece and Rome—as luxuries rather than anything else. It is a great luxury to know anything that is good and innocent. It is a great luxury to know a great deal of the past, not that it makes you more powerful to do much, but it is a great pleasure to the person who knows; but I do not believe myself that there is anything in the way of wisdom which is to be attained in any of the books of the old languages which at this moment, may not be equally attained in the books of our own literature.—*Speech at Birmingham, England, October 31.*

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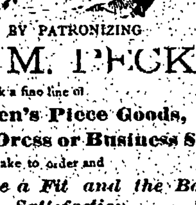

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